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U.S. Department of Justice

Immigration and Naturalization Service

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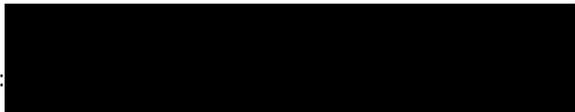
OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS  
425 Eye Street N.W.  
ULLB, 3rd Floor  
Washington, D.C. 20536



File: EAC 01 222 52066 Office: VERMONT SERVICE CENTER

Date: JUN 18 2002

IN RE: Petitioner:  
Beneficiary:



Petition: Immigrant Petition for Alien Worker as a Skilled Worker or Professional Pursuant to Section 203(b)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1153(b)(3)

IN BEHALF OF PETITIONER:



PUBLIC COPY

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision in your case. All documents have been returned to the office which originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied or the analysis used in reaching the decision was inconsistent with the information provided or with precedent decisions, you may file a motion to reconsider. Such a motion must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions. Any motion to reconsider must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider, as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.5(a)(1)(i).

If you have new or additional information which you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reopen. Such a motion must state the new facts to be proved at the reopened proceeding and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. Any motion to reopen must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reopen, except that failure to file before this period expires may be excused in the discretion of the Service where it is demonstrated that the delay was reasonable and beyond the control of the applicant or petitioner. Id.

Any motion must be filed with the office which originally decided your case along with a fee of \$110 as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.7.

FOR THE ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER,  
EXAMINATIONS

*Robert P. Wiemann*  
Robert P. Wiemann, Director  
Administrative Appeals Unit

**DISCUSSION:** The employment-based preference visa petition was denied by the Director, Vermont Service Center, and is now before the Associate Commissioner for Examinations on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The petitioner is a medical center. It seeks to employ the beneficiary permanently in the United States as a registered nurse. The petitioner asserts that the beneficiary qualifies for blanket labor certification pursuant to 20 C.F.R. 656.10, Schedule A, Group I. The director determined that the petitioner had not established that the beneficiary had passed the Commission on Graduates of Foreign Nursing Schools (CGFNS) Examination, or that she holds a full and unrestricted (permanent) license to practice nursing in the state of intended employment. The director further determined that the notice of filing the Application for Alien Certification was not provided to the bargaining representative or the employer's employees as prescribed in 20 C.F.R. 656.20(g) (3).

On appeal, counsel submits additional evidence.

Section 203(b) (3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. 1153(b) (3), provides for the granting of preference classification to qualified immigrants who are capable, at the time of petitioning for classification under this paragraph, of performing skilled or unskilled labor, not of a temporary or seasonal nature, for which qualified workers are not available in the United States. This section also provides for the granting of preference classification to qualified immigrants who hold baccalaureate degrees and are members of the professions.

In this case, the petitioner has filed an Immigrant Petition for Alien Worker (Form I-140) for classification under section 203(b) (3) (A) (i) of the Act as a skilled worker (registered nurse). Aliens who will be employed as nurses are listed on Schedule A. Schedule A is the list of occupations set forth at 20 C.F.R. 656.10 with respect to which the Director of the United States Employment Service has determined that there are not sufficient United States workers who are able, willing, qualified and available, and that the employment of aliens in such occupations will not adversely affect the wages and working conditions of United States workers similarly employed.

An employer shall apply for a labor certification for a Schedule A occupation by filing an Application for Alien Employment Certification (Form ETA 750 at Part A) in duplicate with the appropriate Immigration and Naturalization Service office. The Application for Alien Employment Certification shall include:

1. Evidence of prearranged employment for the alien beneficiary by having an employer complete and sign the job offer description portion of the application form.

2. Evidence that notice of filing the Application for Alien Employment Certification was provided to the bargaining representative or the employer's employees as prescribed in 20 C.F.R. 656.20(g)(3).

In this case, Form I-140 was filed on April 30, 2001. On August 25, 2001, the director requested that the petitioner submit evidence that the beneficiary had passed the CGFNS Examination or that she held a full and unrestricted license to practice nursing in the state of intended employment.

In response, counsel submitted evidence that the beneficiary passed the National Council Licensure Examination for Registered Nurses.

The director denied the petition noting that the "NCLEX is not CGFNS certification, nor is it a full and unrestricted New Jersey R.N. license.

On appeal, counsel argues:

By cover letter dated September 26, 2001, and pursuant to your request, this office provided you with a copy of the beneficiary's registered nurse license which clearly indicates that she is a successful candidate for the National Council Licensure Examination for Registered Nurse. It also indicates a test date of August 2, 2000 and a New Jersey license no. 122642. It further indicates that the beneficiary passed this examination. This office also included a copy of the beneficiary's transcript showing her attendance at Mercer County Community College and graduation from that Institution with an RN degree. In a conversation with the College and the State of New Jersey National Council for Nursing Examination, the undersigned was informed that the Commission on Graduates of Foreign Nursing Schools (CGFNS), by definition, applies only to graduates of foreign nursing schools. Since the beneficiary was educated within the United States the CGFNS is not applicable to her. Hence, she took and successfully passed the NCLEX.

Counsel's argument is persuasive. The record contains the beneficiary's transcripts which establish that she graduated from Mercer County Community College and passed the NCLEX. Therefore, the petitioner has overcome this portion of the director's decision.

The director also denied the application based on the petitioner's failure to provide acceptable evidence that notice of the position had been posted in accordance with 20 C.F.R. 656.20(g)(3).

On appeal, counsel submits a copy of the job offer notice. The notice was posted in November, after the filing of the petition. Therefore, the petitioner has not overcome the objections of the director with regard to this issue.

The burden of proof in these proceedings rests solely with the petitioner. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. 1361. The petitioner has not met that burden. The appeal will be dismissed.

**ORDER:** The appeal is dismissed.