



U.S. Department of Justice

Immigration and Naturalization Service

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OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS
425 Eye Street N.W.
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Washington, D.C. 20536

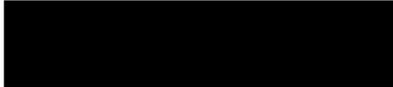


Public Copy

File: SRC 01 073 53772 Office: Texas Service Center

Date: JUL 24 2001

IN RE: Petitioner:
Beneficiary:



Petition: Petition for Nonimmigrant Worker Pursuant to Section 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a)

IN BEHALF OF PETITIONER: Self-represented

Identifying data deleted to
prevent clearly unwarranted
invasion of personal privacy

INSTRUCTIONS:

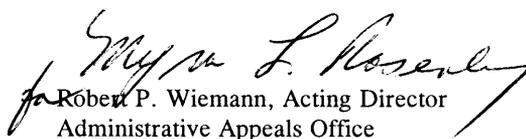
This is the decision in your case. All documents have been returned to the office which originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied or the analysis used in reaching the decision was inconsistent with the information provided or with precedent decisions, you may file a motion to reconsider. Such a motion must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions. Any motion to reconsider must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider, as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.5(a)(1)(i).

If you have new or additional information which you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reopen. Such a motion must state the new facts to be proved at the reopened proceeding and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. Any motion to reopen must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reopen, except that failure to file before this period expires may be excused in the discretion of the Service where it is demonstrated that the delay was reasonable and beyond the control of the applicant or petitioner. Id.

Any motion must be filed with the office which originally decided your case along with a fee of \$110 as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.7.

FOR THE ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER,
EXAMINATIONS


Robert P. Wiemann, Acting Director
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The nonimmigrant visa petition was denied by the Director, Texas Service Center, and is now before the Associate Commissioner for Examinations on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The petitioner is the owner of a horse and cattle ranch. She desires to employ the beneficiary as a general ranch hand for an indefinite period. The petition was not accompanied by the required temporary agricultural labor certification, Form ETA-750. The director determined that absent the certification, the petitioner failed to meet the regulatory requirements necessary for approval of the petition.

On appeal, the petitioner states that she has filed Form ETA-750 with the Texas Workforce and is waiting for a response.

The regulation at 8 C.F.R. 214.2(h)(5)(i)(A) states in pertinent part that:

An H-2A petition must be filed on Form I-129. This petition must be filed with a single valid temporary agricultural labor certification.

The regulation at 8 C.F.R. 214.2(h)(5)(i)(D) states in pertinent part that a H-2A petition:

will be automatically denied if filed without the certification evidence required in paragraph (h)(5)(i)(A) of this section....

The petition was filed on January 5, 2001 without a temporary agricultural labor certification. Absent such documentation, the petition cannot be approved.

This petition may not be approved for an additional reason. The petition indicates that the dates of the intended employment for the beneficiary are from as soon as possible to continuous. The petitioner has not established that the need for the services to be performed is temporary.

The burden of proof in these proceedings rests solely with the petitioner. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. 1361. Here, the petitioner has not met that burden.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed.