

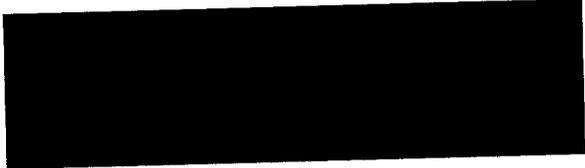


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U.S. Department of Justice
Immigration and Naturalization Service

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OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS
425 Eye Street N.W.
ULLB, 3rd Floor
Washington, D.C. 20536



File: SRC 01 252 51763 Office: Texas Service Center Date: MAY 01 2002

IN RE: Petitioner: [Redacted]
Beneficiary: [Redacted]

Petition: Petition for a Nonimmigrant Worker Pursuant to Section 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(b), 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(B)

IN BEHALF OF PETITIONER: Self-represented

Public Copy

INSTRUCTIONS:
This is the decision in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied or the analysis used in reaching the decision was inconsistent with the information provided or with precedent decisions, you may file a motion to reconsider. Such a motion must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions. Any motion to reconsider must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider, as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.5(a)(1)(i).

If you have new or additional information that you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reopen. Such a motion must state the new facts to be proved at the reopened proceeding and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. Any motion to reopen must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reopen, except that failure to file before this period expires may be excused in the discretion of the Service where it is demonstrated that the delay was reasonable and beyond the control of the applicant or petitioner. Id.

Any motion must be filed with the office that originally decided your case along with a fee of \$110 as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.7.

FOR THE ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER,
EXAMINATIONS

Robert P. Wiemann, Director
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The nonimmigrant visa petition was denied by the Director, Vermont Service Center, and is now before the Associate Commissioner for Examinations on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The petitioner seeks to employ the beneficiaries as forest workers for an additional period of nine months. The director denied the petition because it was not accompanied by a temporary labor certification from the Department of Labor or notice detailing the reasons why such certification cannot be made.

On appeal, the petitioner has now provided the temporary labor certification.

Pursuant to 8 C.F.R. 214.2(h)(6)(i), an H-2B non-agricultural worker is an alien who is coming to the United States to perform temporary services or labor. 8 C.F.R. 214.2(h)(6)(ii) states:

(A) *Definition.* Temporary services or labor under the H-2B classification refers to any job in which the petitioner's need for the duties to be performed by the employee(s) is temporary whether or not the underlying job can be described as temporary or permanent.

(B) *Nature of petitioner's need.* As a general rule, the period of the petitioner's need must be a year or less, although there may be extraordinary circumstances where the temporary services or labor might last longer than one year

8 C.F.R. 214.2(h)(6)(iv)(A) requires that a petition for temporary employment in the United States be accompanied by a temporary labor certification from the Department of Labor, or notice detailing the reasons why such certification cannot be made.

Inasmuch as the temporary labor certification or a notice from the Department of Labor that such certification cannot be made were not submitted with the visa petition, it is concluded that the petition may not be approved.

In addition, the beneficiaries entered the United States in H-2B status between September 27, 1999 and February 12, 2001. The petitioner proposes to retain the services of the beneficiaries in the United States until June 15, 2002. The petitioner's need for the beneficiaries' services does not appear temporary. The record contains no evidence in support of extraordinary circumstances requiring the beneficiaries' services in excess of one year. Accordingly, it is concluded that the petition may not be approved.

The burden of proof in these proceedings rests solely with the petitioner. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. 361. The petitioner

has not sustained that burden. Accordingly, the decision of the director will not be disturbed.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed.